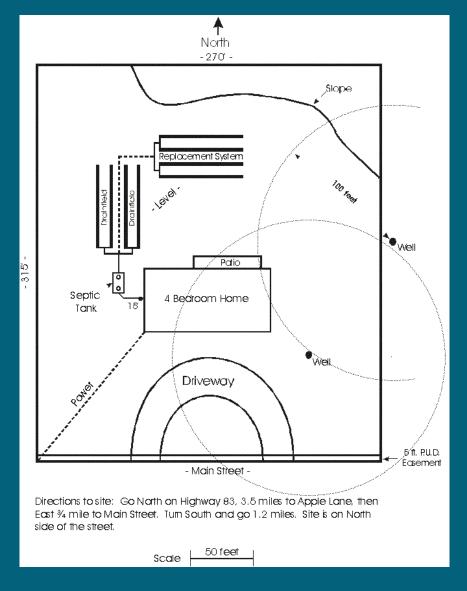
Septic Systems and Wells Rules and Guidelines

BCGWA Regional Meeting Parksville, 28 Nov 2015

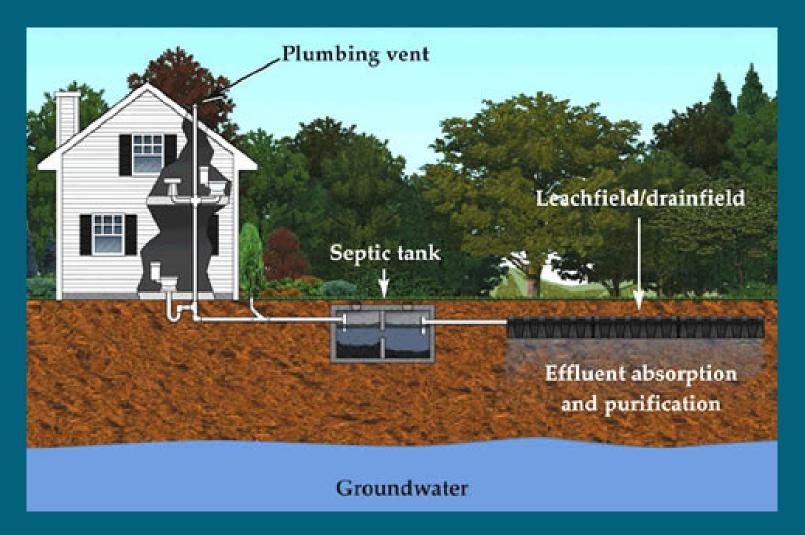
Septic systems and water wells



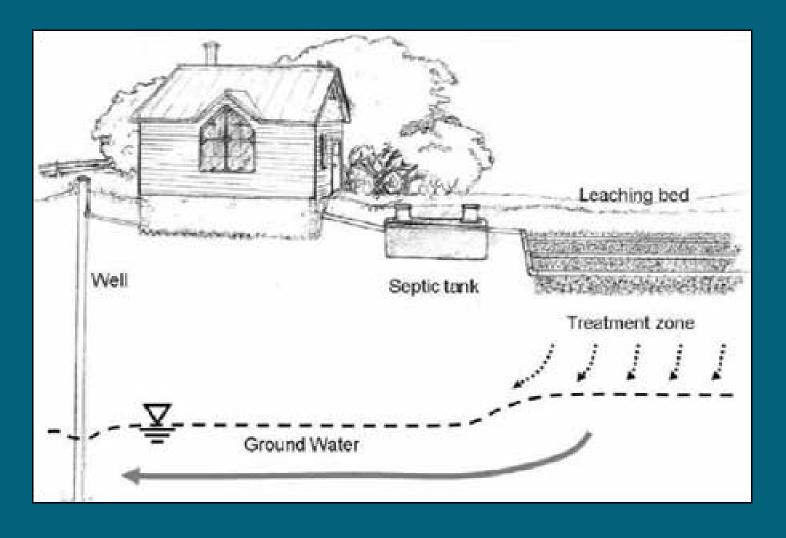
Outline:

- 1. How do septic systems work?
- 2. What rules apply?
- 3. Sewage Regulations.
- 4. Design guidelines.

How do septic systems work?



How are water wells protected?



What kind of rules apply?

- 1. Sewage Regulations (Laws)
- 2. Design Standards and Guidelines:
 - a) Standard Practice Manual for ROWPs*
 - b) APEGBC Guidelines for Professionals
 - *ROWP Registered Onsite Wastewater Practitioner

Sewerage System Regulation (SSR)

- For flows of less than 5,000 gallons/day.
- 22,700 litres/day
- This is the law; it is not flexible.

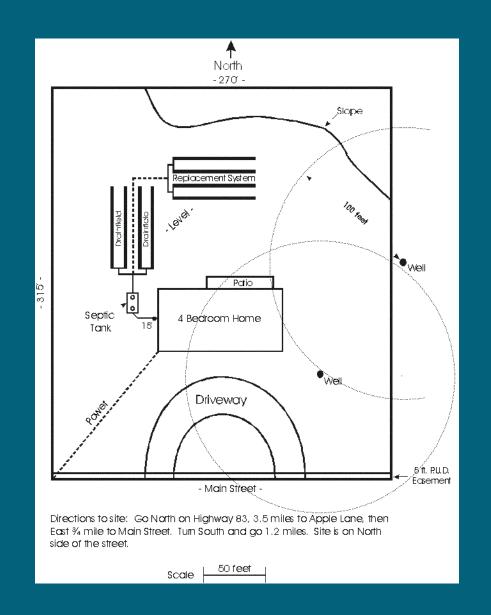
Sewerage System Regulation (SSR)

The SSR says who can design and install systems:

- Flow is less than 9,000 litres/day: ROWP or Professional.
- Flow is more than 9,000 litres/day: Professional.
- Homeowners cannot design or install systems.

SSR and water wells:

 The septic tank and drainfield must be 30 m away from all water wells



SSR and Water Wells

NEW RULE: This setback can be reduced, but:

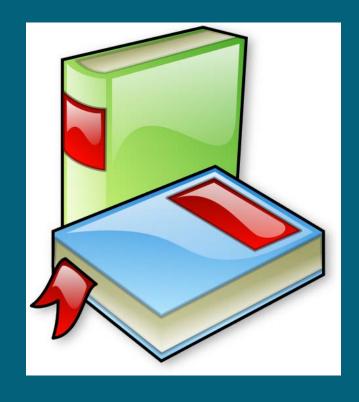
- Only by a hydrogeologist or groundwater engineer.
- Need a hydrogeology study.
- Need a report signed and stamped.

SSR and Water Wells

- There are no laws for setbacks to other wells.
- Examples: irrigation, monitoring, geothermal.
- There are standards and guidelines for these wells.

Sewerage System Standard Practice Manual (the SPM)

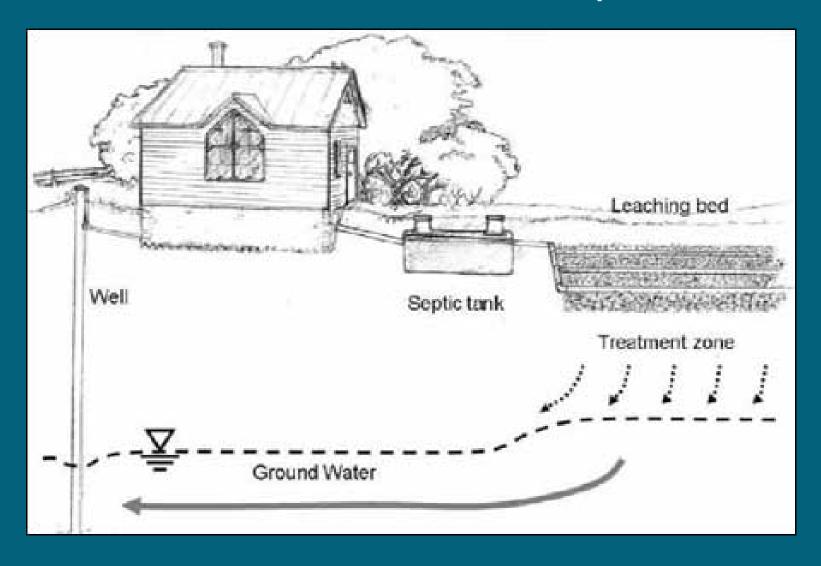
- Forms part of the SSR –
 Sewerage System Regulation.
- Covers the design, installation, and maintenance of septic systems.



The SPM

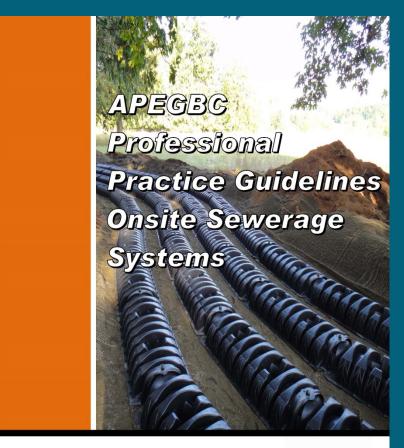
- For ROWPs: Standards that they must follow.
- For *Professionals:* This is a *guideline*.
- Includes setback distances for other types of wells.

SPM minimum vertical separation



APEGBC Guidelines

For professional engineers and hydrogeologists only







APEGBC Guidelines

- Sets out the *Process* for engineers and geologists.
- Does not include strict standards.
- Not a design manual.
- Recommendations for water wells.
- Outlines How to evaluate a setback distance.

Municipal Wastewater Regulation (MWR)

- For sewage flows of more than 5,000 gallons/day
- 22,700 litres per day
- Systems must be designed by engineers.

Municipal Wastewater Regulation (MWR)

- The MWR has minimum allowable setbacks.
- The standard well setback distance is 300 m.
- In unusual situations, this may be reduced to 60 m.
- Can never allow less than 60 m to a water well.
- This applies to drinking water wells only.
- No rules for other wells.

Ground Water Protection Regulation (GWPR)

- Covers the drilling and construction of water wells.
- It does not include minimum setback distances.
- Mike Wei will discuss this.
- Setback distances could be added in the future.

Thank you

